The Florrid Sin

Man-Catching:

Explaind
In a SERMON upon Jen. 5.25, 26.

Prochidge COLCHESTER, July 10. 1681

By EDMOND HICKERINGILL, Rector of the Rectory of All-Saints there.

Delication not over to the will of mine Enemies, for False Maineffes are reference against me, and such as breash out Cruelty. Plal. 27, 12.

They laid to my Charge things that I knew not. Pfal. 35. 11.

The Chief tribles and Scribes fought how they might kill him, for they feared the Papile: then entred Satan into Judas. Luke 22. 2, 3.

Now the Chief Priest and Elders and all the Council sought Palse Witness against Jesus to put him to Death; but found none: yea, though many False Witnesses came, yet found they none; At the last came two False Witnesses. Matthe 26, 59, 60.

The Third Guition.

London, Printed for Francis Smith, at the Elephant and Caffle, near the Royal Exchange in Combil. 1681.

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TO THE

READER.



Know very well that every Book-fellers Stall groans under the burthen of Sermons, Sermons;—Sermons as common (and as commonly cryed about the Streets) as Ballads; Sermons before his Majesty, before the Judges, before the Right Honourable, the Right Worshipful, &c.

In Court, in City, in the University, in the Country, &c. Sermons of good use, Sermons of little or no use, Sermons of great use, (especially to those reading Dons of the Pulpit, that transcribing other Men's Works, make a shift to read them, tho many times as much out of the Story, as hard to get in again when they are out, as having never been either in their Heads or Hearts;) Sermons of Learned Composure both for Matter and Style; and Sermons given, and Sermons sold (over and over again) and some Sermons (perhaps) published out of meer Vanity and Itch to be seen in print.

Which of these, or whether any of these caused the Publication of this Country-Sermon, (neither contrived, devised nor intended for the Press, but) preached in my ordinary Course in my own Parish, I do not think my self concerned to give thee any account; for they that like it not, may let it alone; yet the

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The Epistle to the Reader.

publishing thereof is chiefly intended for the use of them that have most need of it, and who will (therefore) like it so much the worse.

Some Men are so crafty as in neglect of their Duty to God, to their King, the Kingdom, and their own Souls, they dare not preach against this Sin of Man-catching, or Trepenning Mon by Sham-Buidence, false Witnesses, Sham-Plots, the Sin of the Text, (I had almost faid) of the Times : in swearing and unswearing, lying, flandering, and forswearing, and fo fetting Snares to catch Men, Body and Goods, Life and Estate: whilst the World is the worse, but never the better for those Preachers, those Chipsin Broth, whose God is their Bellies, and are only swayed by that Katchin-Maxime, It is good fleeping in a whole Skin; whilft I chuse to follow that Plain-Dealer and Martyr, Bishop Latimer, who presented the King for a New-Years Gift, with a Bible, with this Inscription in Letters of Gold on the cutfide thereof (perhaps for fear the King hould not much trouble bimfelf with looking on the infide) Heb. 12. 4. Marriage is honourable in all, and the Bed undefiled; but Whoremongers and Adulterers God will judge.

I know not what Thanks he got for his New-Years Gift, but be proved a true Prophet in one of his Sermons, where he says, We Ministers cannot say V & Vobis, but presently we are called coram Nobis: We cannot reprove Sin in the Pulpit, but forthwith we may be reproved for it by the Bench. But (Blessed be God) we do not live (as Latimer once did) in Popish-Times, nor in Times where Popery has the greatest Sway: Or if we should, It is the greatest Honour, as well as greatest Piety, to follow his Fate, as well as his Honesty and Plain-dealing.

Men. 8.

THE

Horrid Sin of Man-Catching.

Explain'd in a

SERMON

Upon JER. 5. 25, 26.

Your Iniquities have turned away these things, and your Sins have withholden good things from you. For among my People are found wicked Men, they lay wait as he that setteth Snares, they set a Trap, they catch Men.



N which Words, I shall only take notice in General; 1. Of God's heavy Judgment upon Israel, ver. 25. 2. Of the Cause of that heavy Judgment, the crying Sin of Man-Gatching, ver. 26.

But First (to keep to the Method in the Text) Let us enquire.

I. Of what Nature was this heavy Judgment?

In Answer whereunto, we may consider God's heavy Answ.

Judgments, or heavy Hand.

I. Positively: 2. Privatively.

I. By stretching forth his Hand of Wrath in striking a People with either, I. The Sword of the Lord; (for so is cal-1 Chronled, 21, 12.

led, the Plague of Pestilence.) Or 2dly, with War, Forreign or Civil War, though managed with the Sword of Man, yet God is said to unsheath it, and call for it; and therefore also Wars, bloody Wars are God's heavy Judgment upon a People, and therefore, called also—The

Ezek. 14. Sward of the Lord.

*2. God's heavy Hand or heavy Judgment upon a Peoplemay be confidered Privatively, by depriving them of Mercies, Temporal Mercies, called good things in the Text, which God for their Sins had turned away and withholden from them.

What these good things were (which were withholden) may evidently be seen in the verse before the Text; namely, God's heavy Judgment in depriving them of the former and latter Rain in his season, and depriving them of the ap-

pointed Weeks of the Harvest, Jer. 5. 24.

This great Drought did fore-run and threaten a Famine. (the worst and heaviest of God's Judgments,) the Sword of the Lord, and the Sword of Man (both of them) make 2Kings 6. quick dispatch; but Famine is a lingring Death, and worse 28, 29,30 than Death, and the worst of Death's. And it was sad News for the King, when he heard, that his Subjects were glad to preserve their Lives by killing one another; nay, the Mother killing and eating herown Child, and yet calling in vain to the King for help, that could not have an Affer Head for himself under fourscore pieces of Silver, nor a little Pigeon's Dung (for the Dessert or second Course) under five pieces more: 2 Kings 6. 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30. No wonder that the King rent his Cloaths, and wore Sack-cloth upon his Flesh, to mortify it. A great Drought, or God's withdrawing the Rain, bespeaks a Dearth, as well as the Wrath of God upon a Land, when the Duft (as God fays to 70b.) groweth into hardness, and the Clods cleave fast together; when Tob 38.37 the Clouds are stayed, and the Bottles of Heaven (as God there calls them) are stopped, and the People cannot get a Dram

0.70

Drant the Bottles, tho it were to fave their Lives. II In the stree and thirtieth year of that wanton King Hen. 8. 8th there was so great a Drought, that small Rivers were Baker's clean dryed up, and much Cattel died for want of Water. Chron. 298: and Food; and afterwards.

In the five and thirtieth year of Queen Eliz. was so great a Drought, that not only the Fields, but the Springs themselves were dryed up, and many Cattel every where dyed for want of Waters, which are the good things mentioned in the Text, the good things that God withdrew and withheld from the People for their Sins, their crying Sin?

And what (in the 2d place) was that crying Sin?

Out 2.

The Text tells us, It was the Sin of ensuring, lying in Antw.

wait, and at catch, as he that setteth Snares to catch (not Wild-Beasts, but) Men, Honest Men, Innocent Men.

And that we may the better understand the horrid nature of this Sin, of ensnaring Men, or catching Men, in the Text; Let us consider:

I. What and who are these Men-catchers?

2. Of what these Men-catchers make their Snares?

3. How and where they lay their Snares?

4. What is usually the Effect and Issue of this ensnaring and catching of Men?

1. What and who are these Men-catchers ?

Some have thought by these Words (of the Text—A- Answ. mong my People are found wicked Men, that set Snares and catch Men) are meant Gatch-Poles, Bums, Spirits, (so called from their spiriting Men by catching them, and selling and delivering them to Thraldom and Bondage) Villains to be sure.

But these of the Text are Villains of a far deeper dye, Scarlet-Rogues, Rogues upon Record, upon the greatest, the truest and most antient Record, the Record of Haly-

Writ :

Queft. 1.

Mic. 2. I.

I King 21

Mic. 2. 3.

Writ: These Men-cutchers being called in the Text (by the Spirit of God that mifcall's none, and never in entity of any milro (mer) wicked Men, or, as the Original imports.

Rogues in Grain.

Committing the greatest Villanies under colour of Truth. and Lare; that Rob the Poor (or Innocent) because he is Prov. 22. 22. Poor, (or Innocent) and oppress the afflicted in the Gate; (that is) in Courts of Judicature; which were then kept in the Gate House, or Gate of the chief Cities of Israel.

That commit the greatest Rapacities, Murders and Injustice, under the umbrage, pretence and colour of Law and

Tuffice.

Wo be to them (faith the Prophet) that devise (or Plot) Iniquity, and work evil upon their Beds; when the Morning is light they practife it, because it is in the Power of their Hand.

And if Naboth have a good Vineyard, no wonder, if he be indicted of Treason in flandering or blashheming God and the King; And two Sons of Belial (procured by that Woman fizebel) to swear to the Indichment, if fezebelor Abab

long for the pleasant Vineyard.

Wo be such (faith the Prophet) that covet Fields and Mis. 2.2,3. take them by violence 3 and Houses, and take them away; so they oppress a Man and his House, even a Man and his Heritage.

> This Sin of oppressing Men, or catching Men in Snares by falle Witnesses, is that crying Sin, that brings God's heavy Judgments upon a Nation; that made him to withhold the former and the latter Rain in its Season; that always ruins a Kingdom, at least, it brings ruine at length upon the Oppreflors, upon such Jezebel's, upon Ahab's; for so it follows in the Prophet Micah; Therefore thus faith the Lord, Behold. against this Family do I devise an evil, from which ye shall not remove your Necks; No, No, Jezebel's Neck was broke out of a Window presently after that Sin of Murder and Oppresfion under colour of Law; the did not long enjoy the Fruits of her Subornation of Perjury, but was thrown to the Dogs.

For

For it is God's Truth, That He that oppresseth the Poor Prov. 22. to increase his Riches, and he that giveth to the Rich, shall surely Ezck. 22. come to want. For Oppression and Robbery are so near of kin, 29. that the Spirit of God puts them together, and makes them significe the same thing and the same Men: Only, the Oppression to by Law, the Robber robs against Law; the Oppression the Gate under colour of Law, the Robber robs on the Kings High-Way in desiance of Law; both of them always (or at least most commonly) come to an ill end.

But these latter are little, Retail-Rogues in respect of the former, that rob (safely they think, and) by whole-sale, and brought God's heavy Judgment of Drought and Dearth

upon the Nation of Israel, in the Text. 1917.

of Money, but these (like the Grave) swallow all; the good, the bad, Life, Liberty, Estate, Family and Posterity, root and branch in one day. I mean, such as are Trepanners, or Countenancers of them; Sham-Evidence, False Witnesses, whose Tongues can swear and unswear, whose Tongues perhaps have cut the Throats of many a poor Innocent already, and still want more work, more work; Men of no Honour, no Honesty, no Religion, (except of that notorious and bloody Religion that is worse than no Religion) you may have more Truth, more Kindness, more Fidelity, fairer quarter from Insidels (I know it) than from such Bigotted-Catholicks, that think it is Religion (and pleasing to God) to out Men's Throats.

Which yet they do not, they dare not do always in the down-right Godfrey way of murdering; that (has and may) prove dangerous; no, the Devil is cafty, and his Agents and Emissaries can improve in Wie as well as Malice; They shall do the Feat, lay their Snares, catch Men, (not in the Night and be hang'd) but at Noon-day and by Law; not with orucl hands, but a way worth two on't) with venemous Tongues, Tongues of a Serpent, the Poyson of Asps is under

under their Lips, they kill fure, no Law can hinder them; nay, they'll make the Law Pimp to them, and affift them

in the Affaffinate:

And that by false Oaths, false Tongues, swearing pro and con; as if those that will swear you twenty Oaths in an hour for God-have-Mercy, will scruple at one Oath for Money. and to have all their other Oaths and Sins pardoned into the Bargain.

Atheism, Blasphemy and Bigottism is now so epidemical and common, that therefore the wary Hollanders in their Courts of Iudicature pump out the Truth, not by Oath, but cross and sudden Interrogatories, in which (by use) their

Judges are as dexterous as happy.

But by False Oaths, wicked Men can do the Business. do their own Business, get Rewards for catching innocent Men, and not always (though sometimes) the Gallows, also for their Pains, in fetting Snares to catch Men.

These are the Men that can also do any Man's Business. how innocent foever; of these the Prophet David had Experience, woful Experience, though he was a Man (for

Integrity) after God's own Heart :

And the good Man was at his Wits end almost, and knew not well how to deal with these Men-catchers; and therefore puts the question, as if he knew not how to resolve it. PE 120. 3. Saying - What (ball be given unto thee? or what (ball be done

unto thee, thou false tonque?

As if he should say; How should I for thy Mouth, thou M. 120. 4. false Tongue? answering in the next Verse, barp Arrows of the Mighty with Coals of Juniper: as the should say;

Except the Mighty God with Coals of Juniper (the hottest Coals) flop the Mouth of these slanderous Tongues by his All-feeing Power (fome unexpected Providence) vain is the help of Man.

K 120. 5. Therefore he adds -- Wo is me that I sojourn in Mesechamongst a Pack of Rogues, that will say nd swear any thing;

thing; what help? He flies to God therefore and prays—and cries in this Diffres — Deliver my Soul, O Lord, from Pl. 120. 2.

lying Lips, and from a deceitful Tongue.

And this Method he wies against these Trepanners, and Men-catchers, in Pfal. 140. 141, 142. making these three Pfalms against these dangerous Fellows, falling to his Prayers, and beginning with the Letany—Deliver me, O Lord, Pt. 140. 1. from the evil Man, preserve me from the violent Man, (or the Men of Violence) which imagine Mischief in their Heart, Ps. 140. 2. continually are they gathered together (or conspiring or plotting) for War: And what War? what Bloodshed? not that of the Sword, but wicked Tongues, a sharper Weapon, and kills as sure; for he adds—

They have sharpened their Tongues like a Servent, Adder's Ps. 140.3.

Poyson is under their Lips. Selah; or, mark that.

And Verse 5. The Proud have hid a Snare for me, and Ps. 140. 5. Cords, they have spread a Net by the way-side; they have set Grins for me. Selah. These are the Snare-layers, that watch for Men's Words to catch at them, that watch for Men's halting, as they did for the Prophet Jeremy's, when he heard the defaming of many; Fear onevery side, Report, say Jer. 20.10. they, and we will report it; with advantage no doubt, a Lye (like a Snow-Ball) seldom loses any thing in the tumbling up and down.

Thus in answer to the first Query, I have given you the Character of a Man-Catcher; and though I have not skill enough to pourtray and limn this Limb of the Devil, that would Harrass Men out of their Lives and Estates, yet by what I have said, you cannot but look upon him as the

worst of Villains.

2. 2. Of what do these Men-catchers make their Snares! Quest. 2.

This Question is not so easily answered; for the Devil Answ. and his Emissaries tutor them and find them stuff to work upon, and if one Snare break, they'll to work again, and will try if another will hold.

В

They

They work with Head and Heart, Hand and Tongue and Pen, but always privily, in private-Cabals they plot their Work, fit their Engines, procure their Tools and Instruments and Engines; spare for no pains, no cost, not daunted with any ill success; like their Master running to and fro, seeking whom they may devour.

Men's Lives away; that Snare catches Men to purpose. It was a Pope that said on such an occasion, a dead Dog bites not.

But though these are fure Snares, yet there is danger in setting them, and jeopardy to boot; dangerous to the Men-Hunters, and Men-Catchers; murder will out, one time or other.

Therefore the furest way of catching Innocent Men, is Jezebel's way, to make the Law catch a Man, (as Innocent Naboth) and kill him by the Testimony of some Sons of Be-

lial; as aforesaid.

Some think, That this Sin of Catching, Trapping, Enforcing and Trepanning Men by Sham-Plots and Sham-Swearers and falle Swearers, is a New-Mode, lately Invented, and new come over from beyond Seas, as our other new-Modes and Fashions, and from the same place too:

But they are mightily mistaken, that think this Sin of enfinaring Men at this rate is a new Sin, and never (or but lately) invented and thought of, before this Age, so fruitful and luxuriant in monstrous Births and impious Productions.

For you fee already that this Sin is older than my Text, an old Trick of the Devil, of Jezebel, of Saul, of Ahab whom Jezebel his Wife stirred up; no Sin more spoken of in Holy Scripture, no Sin had worse Consequence; for because of Swearing (the Prophet means, Forswearing, Perjury or False-Swearing) the Land mourneth; as well as for what goes before, namely, the Land is full of Adulterers,

and therefore also the Land mourneth: And so the Prophet Hose, and Lying, and Lying, and Killing.

UN

Killing, and committing Adultery, they break out, and Blood toucheth Bloods.

The Original Word for Blood there, is in the plural number, to denote a great deal of Blood shed already by those False-Swearers, Affidavit-Men and Men-catchers, a dangerous as well as a bloody Crew.

Quest. 3. How and where do they lay these Snares? Quest.

I answer, always in the Dark, privily do they shoot, and Answ. fear not, for their Works are Works of Darkness, their Pal. 11. 2. Engineer the Prince of Darkness, and the Whore in the Revelations (that has Mystery writ in her Forehead) disciplines them in this Mystery of Iniquity, in laying Snares to Pal. 64. 5. catch Men.

But always they set their Snares by Night (I mean) by dark, Pro. 1. 11. they hope no Body sees them; but he that is higher than the Eccles. 3.

highest regardeth, and there are higher than they.

Holy David compares these lurking Catch-Poles, these Knights of the Post, (that wait in all Companies, and plye in all Assemblies) unto a Lion lurking in his Den, or in secret Ps. 17. 12. places, lying in wait privily and under some Covert (perhaps of the righteous Law) to catch Men, to catch their Prev.

Where Men walk, where Men talk, by the may side, says Ps. 140. 5. David, they infinuate into all Companies, all Business, all Assemblies, where they can get admittance they are never out of their way; catch at the Words of a Minister in the Pulpit, of a Judge upon the Bench, laying Snares for him that reproveth in the Gate, trepanning their very Comrades, their Friends and Familiars, like Jeremy's Companions, Jer. 20. 10. All my Familiars waited for my halting, saying, Peradventure he will be enticed, and we shall prevail against him, and we shall take our Revenge on him.

But this they always do with all Privacy imaginable, and perhaps under an Oath of Secrecy, to pump the deeper, under Colour of Friendship, or under colour of some doubtful Word that will bear two Sences, and they shall always.

take

8, 9.

6, 7.

take it in the worst Sence and the wrong Sence, and incomfiftent in Sence, and incoherent with all former or subsequent Discourse, or make Additions, Villanous Additions of their own, these are the Dark-Lanthorn Men, that like Faux. walk with a Vizard on, the Vizard of Honesty, of Religion. Friendship, or, perhaps of good Fellowship, laying thus

Pl. 142-3. their Snares secretly and in the Dark, to catch Men; Pfal. 142. 3. In the way (faith Holy David, of my Employ, my Trade, my Business) wherein I walked, have they privily

laid a Snare for me.

Fourthly and Lastly, let us consider the Issue and Effect Queft. 4 \$ of these Catch-Poles, these Men-catchers, these Judas-fes, these Trepanners; (For I know, you would gladly see their

Exit and Departure.)

They do not all (like Judas their Brother) hang them-Anfw. felves, otherwise than as their own Facts bring them to the Gallows, and the Pit they have digged for others they fall into themselves. Thus Holy David prayed against these Men, and no doubt but God Almighty heard his Plal. 140. Prayers-Grant not, O Lord, the desires of the Wicked, fur-

ther not his wisked device, lest they exalt themselves. Selah. As for the Head of those that compass me about, in the mischief

of their own Lips cover them. Let the wicked fall into their Pfal. 141.

own Nets, whilft that I withal escape.

Deliver me from my Persecutors, for they are stronger than Pfal. 142. I. Bring my Soul out of Prison, that I may praise thy Name. It feems they had got the Holy Man into Gaol, thefe Mencatchers had catch'd him, and holed him, but could not hold him; he outlived the Malice of these Men-catchers.

But yet it is as true, that God in his fecret Wisdom does fuffer these Trepanners to prosper a while in their Roguery; and feems to hide his Eyes whilft his Beloved may be fore Pal.44.19. [mitten in the place of Dragons, and be covered with the shadow 22,23,24 of Death, though for his fake, they be killed all the day long, and are counted as Sheep for the Slaughter, whilst Almighty

God feems to fleep, and oast them off for ever, hiding his Face, and forgetting their Affliction and their Oppression.

Whilft the Wicked fay, Tufb, God hath forgotten, be hideth Pfa.10.11.

his Face, be will never fee it.

And, I fear, that Atheifm and Irreligion is the great cause of these Evils of Swearing, Forswearing, Perjury and Blasphemy amongst us; together with that false Religion, that deems it lawful to do evil that good may come thereof; or, (however) can give a Pardon for the worst of Enormities and Villanies; nay, can Saint a Villain, a Clement, a

Murderer, a Ravilliack for murder and King-killing.

Betwixt this Religion and no Religion there goes but a pair of Sheers, they are all of a Piece, and the ground-work of this Religion and no Religion, is one and the fame, Atheism, it is to be feared; The subtile Grandees and Engineers that fet the bigotted Wheels at work, faying in their Heart, There is no God; as that Pope Leo to. that was such a Fool as to discover his Atheism, in a jolly Fit, or to shew his Wit, and that he was above the foppish Ceremonies of that Superstition, could not forbear his villanous Poetry, in another place recited,

-Hem! quantum reddit nobis hac fabula Christi!

I am fure this Temper or Diftemper of Atheism drew a great deal of Blood, good and bad, from Ifrael and Judah, and made their Iniquity to be exceeding great, and filled the Land Ezek. 9.9. full of Blood, and the City full of Injustice and Oppression: (for fo the word Perverseness is rendred, wresting of Judgment in the Margent;) And the reason of these Mischiefs, is there given by the Prophet Ezekiel, at the latter end of the Verse, to be Atheism For they fay, The Lord hath for faken the Earth, and the Lord feeth not. Like those in Malachi. that fay, Every one that doeth evil is good in the fight of the Mal. 2. 1. Lord, and he delighteth in them; or, Where is the God of

Fudg-

Judgment? Where? No where fure, faith the Atheist, or 1 King 18. else he is like Bual, and busie, either he is talking, or he is pursuing, or is in a Journey, or takes a Nap at present, and

fleepeth and must be awakened.

Poor Worms! Yet these are the Blades of our Times, and the Men of Valour, they dare strut, like those Gyants of old that bid Heaven Battel, and bid desiance to the God of Heaven, and blaspheme him to his Face, and if they ever pray to him, 'tis only in Jeer, as when they pray to God to damn them, damn them:

All in good time; And yet these plumed Whislers shall (like Caligula) seek a Cellar or Cave to hide their Heads in, when it does but Thunder, and their Hearts tremble and

quake at every crack of Thunder:

Or, if Death do but stare them in the Face, through the Casement of Sickness, old Age, Pestilence, or in a Battel, then any Privy hole or Hollow-Tree, is worth all the World to them, to hide their Heads in

Ay, but like that Egyptian, King Pharaoh, let but their Fears be over, and their Lufts that rule them make them Atheifts again, or willing to be Atheifts again, and they firut again, and cry, damn them again, and the title Peacocks thream out and yawl amain, pluming themselves:

Exo. 9.34. Thus when Pharaoh saw that the Rain, and the Hail, and the Thunders were ceased, he sinned yet more, and hardened his

Heart, he and his Servants.

And I'le affure you, these People think themselves of the subtilest Mould of Mankind, Wits resin'd from the common Dreggs of Opinions, imbib'd in Insancy and a Religious Education, and are in all Men's Opinions (as well as their own) na small Fools. 'Tis a course Complement, I confess, to Men of their Pregnancy, but I learn'd in a long time ago in my Psalter, The Fool bath said in his Heart, there

Pfal. 14.1 time ago in my Pfalter, The Fool bath faid in his Heart, there is no God:

He cannot say soin his Head, if there be any Brains in

Le after page 23

it,





it, or any Eyes to fee (the Earth, the Heavens, the Sun, the Moon, the Stars, that keep their Courses, whose Mover and Maker is God) but he fays so in his Heart, (that is) he wishes and prays so in his Heart, that there were no God.

God(there) in the Original is Elohim, not Jehovah. Jehovah fignifies God, as he is Eternal and Self-Existent; but Elohim fignifies God as he is a Judge, and so this Psalmist uses the Word in Psalm. 82. 6. I have said ye are Gods;

Elohim, Judges or Magistrates.

Thus the Fool could be content there was a Jehovah, a Pal. 82. 6. good and merciful God; but he cannot in his Heart (which accuses and condemns him) desire an Elohim, which is greater than our Heart, and knoweth all things, even the Secrets of the Heart, the secret Plottings, Conspiracies, Perjuries, and black Villanies hatch'd in Hell, and in the dark, and the most secret Adulteries, Sodomics, and Abominations not to be named, whilst the Atheistical Committers of these Impieties, like those Antients of the House of Israel, that did their Idolatry in the dark, every Man in the Chambers of his Imagery; for they say, The Lord seeth us not, the Lord hath for saken the Earth.

Then said he unto me, Hast thou seen this, O Son of Man? Ezek. 8.17. Is it a light thing to the House of Judah, that they commit

the Abominations which they commit here?

For they have filled the Land with Violence, and have returned to provoke me to Anger: and lo, they put the Branch to their Nose.

Therefore will I also (saith God) deal in fury; mine Eye shall not spare, neither will I have Pity, and though they cry in mine Ears with a loud Voice, yet will I not hear them.

Therefore go dance, you Atheists! and ye that Curse, and damn, swear and forswear, and kick up your heels at Heaven, go dance, like Murderers in a Goal (with your Shackles on) and think every day a play-day till the Assizes come.

Go

16. 28. 15; 18. Go Rant, and damn your selves, and say with your Brethren (in Isaiah) We have made a Covenant with Death,

and with Hell are we at agreement.

When the overflowing Scourge shall pass through, it shall not come unto us; for we have made Lies our Refuge, and under falshood have we hid our selves: But, your Covenant with Death shall be distinulled, and your agreement with Hell shall not stand; when the over-flowing Scourge shall pass

through, then ye (ball be troden down by it.

One would think that no Man should be so Purblind and Beetle-brow'd as to be an Atheist; who can chuse but they must visibly see God's Almighty hand stretched out, in Judgments, in Mercies, in overthrowing a mighty Oppressor, and perhaps by a Jehu, as very an Oppressor as he that he overthrew, and treading in the same arbitrary and tyrannical Oppression, and in the very steps of his Predecessor, down tumbles he too; and this divine Justice is visible to any Man of Observance or common-Understanding; the Heathen's called this Divine Vengeance—Nemess; and the Heathen Poet could not but observe it, when he said—

Raro antecedentem Scelestum deseruit pæna pede claudo.

The Gouty Judg comes limping, makes no haste; But he'll strike home and heavy at the last.

¥a.26.11

Lord, (saith the Prophet) when thy hand is lifted up, they will not see: but they shall see and be ashamed for their Envy to wards thy People, the Fire of thine Enemies shall devour them.

But Words are lost, and much more Holy Scripture. Words are lost on these stout Hectors, Atheists, false Witnesses, Men-Catchers, Catch-Poles and Sham-Evidence.

God bless us all from them, and grant we may never come into their Clutches, or within the reach and probability of their

their Oaths, their Oaths, the Snares wherewith they catch Men, many honest Men, useful Men; nay therefore these Men-catchers lay their Snares and their Oathing-Gins to catch them; because they are honest and useful, and stand just in the way to hinder their villanous Plots and Designs.

Well, go on, and swear and damn your selves to the Pit of Hell, and let Men persuade you there's no such thing as Hell; at worst, but a kind of Purgatory, (a certain refining Crucible, only to take away our Dross) and for a little Mony, or killing two or three Hereticks, and that warm Hot-House too may be avoided.

Make these Lyes your Refuge, and under these salshoods hide your selves, there's little hopes to convert a fudas, they'll be hang'd first or hang themselves first, as he did, and damn themselves first, it is to be seared.

Oh! but they'll fay, It is a difficult thing to prove a Rogue perjur'd, and an Affidavit-Nan, and an Evidence shall find Fayor and Friends,'tis hopeful; and if we swear (say they) to carch and trap a Man out of his Life and Estate, we are upon our Oaths, (so are they every hour of the day but when they sleep, but no sooner awake, but the first is a Prayer to God, Damn me) none can contradict us, the Jury is bound to believe us (whether they will or no, and in spight of their Heart and Conscience) they must go according to their Evidence, (Tes, yes, the Juries well know their Duty, well know you and your Evidence too) none know to the contrary, is not an Oath an Oath?

Tes, Tes, an Oath is an Oath, and an honest Man's Oath is intended for the decision of all Strife; an Oath is not not make Strife, nor to draw Blood, nor to dril Men out of their Estates and Honors. And though none know to the contrary, but God Almighty; yet they go on and say, Before Death and the day of Judgment, we'll repeat and get a Pardon from our Chosty Father; nay, perhaps they have one before hand in their Pockets, sub Sigillo Piscatoris, vel Sacerdotis.

dal. 3. 5.

But your Ghostly Father, nor their Father-Pa-Pa-Parer Patrum, cannot deliver the false-Swearers and Meneatchers from the just Judgment and Discovery of the Father of Spirits, who protests he will be both Judg and Fury and Witness too, against the false Swearers, Adulterers and Oppressors, Mal. 3. 5. I will come near to you to Andoment, and I will be a [wift Witness against the Sorcerers, and against the Adulterers, and against false Swearers, and against those that oppress the Hireling in his Wages, the Widdow and Fatherless, and that turn aside the Stranger from his right, and fear not me, faith the Lord of Hosts.

What is Man, or Men, without the comfort of Society? what Commerce or Felicity in the World without Society be fecur'd? Away---ye Pefts to alk Society, away---ve that are the Plague of Mankind and all Commerce; who can be fafe, if a severe course be not taken with ye Judas-fes, that betray innocent Blood? Repent; Repent, as your Brother Judas did, and fay with him, I bave sinned in betraying innocent Blood, and restore the thirty pieces of Silver, the price of Blood, but make not the Kingdom an Akeldama, or Field of Blood.

I do not fav that all fins are crying fins, and bring Judgments on a Kingdom and Nation, but this fin of Injustice and Oppression under colour of Law and Justice, by false Swearing and Sham-Evidence, catching and trapping men, is certainly a crying fin, and brought God's Judgments, his dreadful Judgments upon Sodom, the cry of whose fins was fo loud as to reach up to Heaven, Gen. 18. 20, 21.

And what were the Sins of Sodom? mark then well, as the Prophet Ezekiel numbers them to the Men of Israel to

make them beware.

As I live faith the Lord God, Sodom thy Sifter hath not, done, the nor her Daughters, as thou hast done, thou and thy Daughters. Behold, this was the Iniquity of thy Sister Sodom; Pride, fulness of Bread, and abundance of Idleness

Ezek. 16. 48, 49, 50.





was in her, and in her Daughters, neither did she strengthen the hand of the poor and needy.

So that even withdrawing of Justice, or oppressing the needy, is a crying Sin, and destroyed Sodom, and Israel too.

Therefore this Sin of false-Swearing, and Oppression, or catching Men by the Oaths of Catch-Poles and Sham-Evidence, has been an old sin, that ruin'd King Ahab and Queen Jezebel, almost ruin'd their Kingdom by a great Drought, it rained not for the space of three years, so that there was a Famine and Mortality, they had scarce any Grass or Water to keep the rest of the Beasts alive. 1 Kings 18. 5.

Indeed this Sin, though a common (too too common Sin) is feldom touch'd upon in Pulpits, though none more declaim'd against in Holy Writ; some Ministers will not, and some cannot, and some dare not give these Devils their due, by a just and sharp Reproof, I mean these false Swearers, Catch-Poles, and Sham-Plotters, and Sham-Evidence, that lay their Snares privily to catch Men.

Let Papists call this a Venial Sin, we know 'tis Mortal,

'tis Fatal, 'tis a crying Sin.

How conscientious was good Samuel to assoil himself of this Sin before all the People, before he lest his Office of chief Magistrate, though not in the least Guilty, 1 Sam. 12.3. Behold, here I am, witness against me before the Lord, and before his Anointed: Whose Ox have I taken? or whose Asshave I taken? or whom have I defrauded? whom have I oppressed? or of whose hand have I received any Bribe to blind mine Eyes therewith? And I will restore it you.

And they faid, Thou hast not defrauded us, nor oppressed us,

neither hast thou taken ought of any Mans Hand,

And he faid unto them, The Lord is Witness against you, and his Anointed is Witness this day, that ye have not found ought inmy hands, And they answered, He is Witness.

What care was here to get a publick and general acquittance f that he had not exercised Arbitrary Government,

Inju-

Injustice, Fraud or Oppression) before he left his place: Is not this better than to be turned out for these Crimes? and become the common odium and object of the People's Hatred and just Indignation, besides the stings and stig-

matizings of a gaulded and wounded Conscience.

And therefore you that are Magistrates have a fair Ex-Spoken to the Mayor and Al-ample here, as well as fair warning, against all Injustice, dermen then fraud, Oppression and Wrong; or countenancing and present. abetting all unjust or Sham-Prosecutions, plotted by wicked Men (that make no Conscience of a thousand Oathes) and yet can enfnare and catch Men by vertue of one Oath, to the ruine of Life, Liberty, Estate and Posterity.

In. 1. 17.

Pfal. 12. 4.

Seek Judgment, relieve the Oppressed, judge the Fatherless, plead for the Widdow. What though these Catch-Poles or Catch-men fay, as their Brethren did, Pfal. 12.4. With our Tongue will we prevail, our lips are our own : Who is Lord over us? And yet this lawless Wretch is described two Pfalmes before to be one, whose mouth is full of Cursing Plal. 10.7,8,9, and decest and fraud; under his Tongue is Mischief and Va-

He fitteth in the lurking places of the Villages, in the fecret places doth he murther the Innocent, his Eyes are privily fet

egainst the Poor.

nity, (Heb. Iniquity.)

He tyeth in wait secretly, as a Lion in his Den, he lyeth in wait to catch the Poor when he draweth him into his Net.

He croucheth and humbleth himself, that the Poor may fall by his strong ones.

He hath faid in his Heart, God hath forgotten, he hideth his Face, he will never fee it.

Arife, O Lord, O God, lift up thine hand, forget not the

Humble. (Heb. humbled or afflicted.)

And God heard this Prayer; for Pfal. 12.5. we read --For the oppression of the Poor, for the sighing of the Needy, now will I arife (faith the Lord) I will fet him in fafety from him that puffeth at him, Heb. Him that would enfrare him. Though

Though I had not read it to you this Morning in the Luk.22.2. Second Lesson, (so fresh in your Memories,) yet there are few of you but know, that there was a Plot, a Horrid Plot and Conspiracy by the Chief Priests and Scribes against our Blessed Redeemer's Life, and willing enough they were to kill him, but they feared the People.

Wherefore they resolved he should suffer by the Law of the Land, for Treason, in Perverting the Nation, and Luk. 23. 2.

forbidding to give Tribute to Cafar, &c.

But how shall they prove the Indicament?

Why that's the easiest thing in the World; it is but looking out (and they are always at Hand) some Knights of the Post, some false Affidavit-Men, Catch-Poles, and false Evidence, and the Sham-Plot is perfect, the Indictment prov'd, and the business done.

Therefore all Heads to work, especially the Chief-Priests (they must be in at a dead lift) and Elders, and all the Mat. 26.59. Council fought falseWitness against Jesus to put him to Death.

But found none: yea, though many false Witnesses came, yet found they none. (That was hard, but) at the last came

two false Witnesses.

And these did the Business, for which they came, for which they were hired, and they were Cefar's Evidence, and swore for Cefar, and swore the Matter home; And these Catchers carried the Cause, against the greatest Innocence.

Mighty glad (no doubt) were the Chief Priests, and Elders and Counsel; and mightily caressed and much made of were these Two Sham-Evidences and salse Witnesses that swore home; especially, after the former salse Witnesses miscarried in the attempt, as not having got their Lesson sufficiently by Heart. They had need be Men of Cunning and Ability that can swear thorow-stitch and cleaverly, mixing some Truth and probable Circumstances amongst many, and amongst the main-Lie: There is Art in Daubing,

From a Lyon, a Tyger, a Wolf or a Serpent, we may make some Defence and Provision, but this kind of Snake is Anguis in Herba, no Forelight, no Caution, no Prudence. no Innocency can defend from the Sting of this forked venemous and murdering Tongue, except a man abandon

all Society with Mankind.

'Tis true. Men may keep these Snakes (and but perhaps neither) out of their Bed-Chambers, scarcely out of their Houses: however not out of Publick Houses, Churches, Courts of Judicature, Exchanges and Publick Assemblies; To that if they can but bring good proof for the Circumstances, as that they were at luch a time in such a Church. Affembly, Exchange, Publick Meeting, in Court, City or Country, let them alone to witness what they heard there.

These (Isay) are the great Plague, the none such Pests of all Society, the common-Nusance: no former Age(that I read of) can parallel ours for improvement of Vice and Mischief: What Block-heads were the French-Men's Anceftors in the Art of Porforing, in comparison of the prefent Skill and Dexterity? What Block-heads were the Irifh. the native Irifb, in all Arts and Mysteries imaginable, in former Ages? But nov how ingenious (though some of them are but Bunglers still, and enough to destroy a neat, well laid, and well contriv'd Plot in the Management, for want of Skill in a fubtile Intrigue.) But time and good Tutors may improve them, if there be first a willing mind.

Tell not me of Conscience and Religion, when Men make it a matter of Conscience and Religion to catch Men by false Oathes, and so cut their Throats! Will you call this Religion, and an acceptable day to the Lord?

Is not this the Religion that I have chosen? to loofe the bands of Wickedness, to undo the heavy Burden, and to let the Oppressed go free, and that ye break every Yoak?

Thus have I entertained you an Hour, with my Meditations, not without some reluctancy (I profess;) for I defign'd

fa. 58.5,6.





fign'd not 'till this Morning to preach upon my former Text, having the last Lords Day left it abruptly for want of time: but I could not fix my Meditations nor Heart upon any other Text than this.

I am no Enthusiast, to fancy that every conceit of mine, or warmth of Thought, is an impulse of the Holy Ghost; nor yet such a Labertine, as to neglect all observation of the secret and vehement Impulses of God's Spirit, and his holy Communion with our Spirits. And I have often experimentally found (at other times) upon the like short previous Premeditation, the good success thereof upon the Auditory, hoping and praying that what in this Sermon wants of mine or Man's Abilities, may be supplyed by that Holy Spirit, that best teacheth us to profit. To whom with the Father and Son be Glory for ever. Amen.

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POSTSCRIPT

TO THE

READERS

Nd now, Gentle Readers, if ever I had need to beg your Candour, or to make an Apology for publishing a crude Sermon, now is the time.

For as it is true, that I had not so much as short Notes when I preach'd it, nor time to make them; so, as near as my Memory serves me, I have set down verbatim (at least the Substance of) what I preach'd; writing immediately what I preach'd, whilst fresh in my Memory, and so sent it the next day by a special Messenger to the Press.

You'll say, perhaps, why? What haste & If this had never been Printed, or Printed seven years hence, it is soon enough.

And all may be; For neither in the Preaching, nor Publishing, had I the least Reflection to hit any particular Man alive.

But I know the Sin of setting Snares to catch Men is so common (too too common God knows) in these Days; such Shamming and Trepanning, that scarce an honest Man in England of any Eminency, but has or may have cause to Psal 56; say with Holy David — Every day they wrest my Words.

all

all their Thoughts are against me for Evil.

profitable as feafonable, I have my end and only aim; purposely waving in this Sermon all vain Rhetorical Flourishes, idle or elaborate Quotations, much more that scenical gaping, or endeavour at Wit, Pun or Quibble, so much admir'd by the Humming-Tribe.

In which little Arts I have no Skill, and less Will; as thinking no Rhetorick nor Quotations comparable to that and those in Holy Writ; leaving to Pulpit-Stagers, the little Hitts, Hintings and Glances at Wit, unbecoming the Gravity and Grandeur of a Divine, and better besitting thelevity of a Stage, or a Barber's Shop, than the sacred Pulpit.

And as I have no Malice against any Man alive; so I do not know nor believe that I have an Enemy in the World, but such as are so, upon the same Score, and for the same Reason, with which St. Paul upbraids the bewitched and Gal. 3. 1.

foolish Galatians, Am I therefore become your Enemy because I Gal. 4.16.

tell you the Truth?

Some think our Divisions and Distractions are so great, that they will not find a shorter Period, than the Wars and Miseries of Greece: of the end whereof the Oracle of Apollo (being consulted) replyed,—They should surcease when they should double the Altar at Delos; which was Cubique-form. Whereupon all Hands went to work in haste to add another Altar to the old one, of a like Cubique-Form to it; but to little Purpose, for the Miseries abated not a whit.

But Plato better expounded the riddling God, telling them, the Oracle meant, They should never have end; for the doubling a Cube in Solids, is (as the Quadrature of a Circle in Plano amongst Geometricians, or as the Philosophers Stone, amongst the vain-promising and vain-boasting Chymists) never (alas!) never to be found

out.

Yet I have other Thoughts, more Faith, and better Hope that our Diffractions will find a happy Conclusion, and the Death of the Plots and Sham-Plots in good time be fathom'd, founded to the bottom, and discovered; vet. truly, I think, (as is faid of the Altar at Delos) a period and end of our Distractions is impossible, 'till all Popish Altars, Popish Hopes, and Popish Claim (by the Pope and his Emissaries) to these three Kingdoms of England, Scotland and Ireland, and the propagation of his Superstition amongst us be extirpate and rooted out, nay, Root and Branch: for there always were Plots, Popish Plots, in the Reigns of all our Kings, ever fince the Pope's Supremacy and Ufurpations have been rejected; and whilst there is a fair prospect and hopes of Redemption of this Golden-Fleece, (though they be but Glimpses) Popish Plots and Conspiracies cannot possibly cease, nor the English, Scotish and Irish-Papists. cease their Assistance and Conspiracies, except they apo-Statize from the Principles of Popery.

Do they not all follow the Fathers of the Council of Trent, into which not a Man was admitted to Vote, 'till he had

taken this Oath-

Extra: de jurejua rand.

Ego N. &c. Papatum Romana Ecclesia & regulas Santorum Patrum adjutor ero ad defendendum & retinendum, salvo ordine meo, contra omnes Homines. In English thus.

I. N. &c. will be an Affistant, to defend and maintain the Papacy of the Church of Rome, and the Commands of the Holy-Fathers (the Popes of Rome) against all Men Living.

How inconfistent is this Oath with the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy? How impossible to reconcile these two, Oaths? How impossible for a Man to be a right and true Papist, and at the same time a right and true Subject to a Protestant Prince!

For

The Policript.

For which cause (no doubt it was) made Treason (by the Statutes 23 Eliza, cap. 1, and 3 Jacob. 4. In the Reigns of those two wise Princes) not only to persuade the King's Subjects (bred and educated in the Protestant Religion) to apostatize and turn Papists; but the very Apostates themselves are Traitors—declared in these very Words.

And if any Person thall after the end of this Selsion of a parliament, by any means be willingly absolved, or with drawn, as asociated, or willingly be reconciled, (to the Romish Religion before recited) or shall promise any Obsolvence to any such pretended Authority, Prince, State or Potentate, as is asociated; that then every such Person, their Procurous and Counsellors thereunto, being thereof lawfully Convicted, shall be taken tryed and adjudged, and shall suffer any forsest, as in Cales of Digh-Creation.

Then the faid Statute (which see at large) makes it misprission of Treason wittingly to aid or maintain such an Apostate, or conceal his Offence twenty days together, without discovering it to a Justice of Peace, or other High Officers: nay, he shall pay an hundred Marks, and be imprisoned a Year that shall willingly hear Mass: As it follows in the faid Statute.

And by the faid Statute tertio Jacobi; The Apostate to the 3 Jacob 4. Romish Religion shall be indicted; tryed and proceeded, again as a Traitor, either at the Alizes and Good Delivery of the County, for the time being; or before the Juliess, of the Court of Kings-Bench.

So careful have our Kings and Parliaments been to brand that Julian, that (being educated in an honesh and true Religion built upon Holy Writ) should be such a Epol, or Knave, or Atheist (for one of the three, or all of the three, such

an

an Apostate must be) to change such a Kellgion, for a Superhinon forget and invented by Prelatical Pride and

Rapacity, out ob

For the maintenance whereof, all their pious Frauds and Cheats, all their lying Miracles, Indulgencies, Purgatories, Limbus's, Croffes, Images, Manus Deis, Holy Water, Masses, Canonizations, Prayers to Saints, baptizing of Bells, Excommunications, Fulminations, Inquisitions, burning of Hereticks, Massacres, Fopperies, Plots and

Sham-Plots are calculated, delign'd and contriv'd.

I do not think that every filly Papift knows these things; for they (poor Pupper) dance, creep to the Cross, cringe, bow, drop Beads, cross themselves, sprinkle themselves with Holy Water mumble their Ave's, and spow tricks as the Masters of the Puppit Play, with Wiers (within the Curtain) accuse them; and make them stake to ridiculously, curvet and shew such Gambolls in Religion, especially at Processions (which I have seen in Portugal) that the soberest Countenance cannot sorbear a Smile, mixt with Pity.

But there's never a Jefuit amongst them, Pope, nor Cardinal but knows that Phere write God's Truth: And cannot forbear laughing among themselves at these Frauds; only, they satisfy these Cheats with a mollissing Epithete, calling

them_Pious Frands.

Tknow, 'tis hard, very hard, for even a rational Man to child page Himfelf and his Reason out of the Hands and Tyraniny of Supershirous, suck d in with our Mothel shifts, and intelled by Education. And therefore, I rather pay than blame a silly Papist, Man or Woman, brought up in such Superstitions: Which are as ridiculous as that of the Island of St. Thomas, that fight it out to Death to this day, to decide which is the right Elephant's Took that sell from Heaven, whilst the wile laugh or pity them, judging (aright) that both the pretendedly-Divine

and

F.J. 103.

Piggling.

and Heavenly Fangs came from the Jumbone of the Beaft.

I therefore have compatition for these Bigots but more for a Protestant, (that in defiance of Truth) shall apostaize therefrom and run to thefe thick Skull'd Vanities & for which gross Perversion (not Conversion) the Apostate cannot so much as presend the delution of Education; but quite corre trary ; (I fay) such a Julium Apostate, must either be an Atheift, and for of no Religion; or some filly foolish Bigot that understands not the Principles of any Religion; or else has conceiv'd some monstrous and bloody Stratagem and Plot. impossible to be brought forth, but by the fole Midwifers of fuch bloody Hands and Bloody Religion; no other Religion can possibly do the Feat. In such case, I confess, there is a necessity for such an Apostate to defy and forsake Protestant Principles, and the Protestant Religion.

For did ever any wife or honest Man efforce and med a Religion (to which he was not pre-contracted, and in Infaney drawn in and cajol'd) 'till acquaintance first bad with

that Religion he meds?

And do not all the learned and authentick Romin ritate Doctors affect, and hold publickly in their Printed Wri- 15. 9.6. rings and Books, that __ Papa potest diffenfare contra jue Na. Anthoriturale; The Pope can dispense with the Laws of Nature, inguita (that's pretty well to begin with) contra Ganones Apostolorum; Diftinth. he can dispense with the Rules of the Apostles: And, con- byter. tra formam verborum in Baptismo, with the Form of the Felin. de words in Baptism; (Howthey improve! but let them go on.) cap, Others fay, The Pope can dispense contra Jus Divinum, Statuta contra novum Testamentum ; others, de omnibus praceptis ve- Colum. 6. teris & novi Testamenti, contra Epistolas Pauli, &c. too ma- 9.1. ny to enumerate. Some of them affert, That the Pope can Inglight. dispense with Divine-Right, and can dispense with and a- Panorma gainst the New-Testament; others, with the Epistles of the Extra St. Paul: others, that the Pope can dispense with the rin. sum. Precepts both of the Old and New Testament.

De majo obedientia. Angel in

Pap.

The Policeipt.

Poffest with these deville Principles, therefore have their And with the state of Truch and some state of the believer the believer of the eroa.

Pigghius Hierarch. 1.3. cap.3. fol. 103.

Which Albertus Pigebius calls (Nafus cereus, qui fe horfum, illorfum, o in quamcund; volueris partem, trahi, retrahi, fingiq; facile permitter) a Note of Wax, that eafily fuffers it Rifto be drawn backward and forward, this way, and that way, and any way y and in his third Controverly concerning the Church, " (he faith) fant enim Scriptura muti Judices, The Scriptures are dumb fudges.

Pigghius Contro. 3. de Ecclefiâ.

Did not Ludovicus, la Canon of the Church of Lateran. in the late Conventicle (or Council of Trent) without Reproof in an Oration affert, that Scriptura eft quale mortunin Atramentum, The Scripture is dead In ??

Flaccus Illyricus in Norma Concil.

And his Blasphemy confirm'd by the Bishop of Populers in the same Convent; Saying, Scriptura eft res inanimis & mind font ettam funt relique Leges Politice; The Scripture Ba dead and dumb thing, as all other Politick Laws.

Johan. . Sleidanus. lib. 23. Demeig.

obenisente a.

No wonder therefore, that Cardinal Hofins, the Pope's Legate, and President of the said Council of Trent, anfwered with as much Impiety as Scurribity to that Objection (manely that King David, being no Bishop, yet had writ-Holde In ten the Book of Pfalm) answered _ Quid ni scriberet? Scribinmo fordocti doctione Poemata puffim; Why flould he Brentium not write? (quoting a Verse out of Horace :) er Telin, de

Tobati. .: 8

33 M 1863

The learned Poets, Songs malte allique ai show Th'unlearned 160,1 do Ballads write.

Colum. 6.

No wonder also neither, that St. Paul cannot pass by Ludovice's them without a Jeer and Scoff! Augustinum vetustas sua vives in the tree of the revivisceret cum Panlo, certe ille contemptus Chicate esta Plana in the standard of the contemptus effet Rheiorculus and Grammaticulus " Paulus vero del infanire De Hareiens dideretur? Angustine is fafe now because of his Antiquity: But if he and Phil were alive again, he would be

be contemptible as a pittiful Rhetorician, and poor Grammarian; But Paul would be accounted a mad Man or an Heretick.

Whereas they hold that the Pope is alter Deus in Terra; God upon Earth : and others fay, Christus in Calo prasidet. Papa in Terris residet, Christ is Prince in Heaven, the Pope on Earth: Nay their Hebrew Gloss, upon Deut. 17. 11. says, Si dixerint tibi quod dextra sit sinistra, aut quod sinistra Nicoli fit dextra, talis sententia tenenda est; if they (the Pope and Deutero. his Emissaries) tell thee that thy right Hand is thy left Hand, c.p. 17. or thy left Hand is thy right Hand, yet you ought to believe them, and be of that Opinion.

(But is it not as fafe to fay-I Believe in God?)

Another says, Sit erga Domina nostra Roma Baculus in Aqua fractus, absit tamen ut crederem quod viderim.

Let our Mistris Rome be a Stick that in the Water seems crooked, yet God forbid, that I should believe my own

Eyes.

No Man therefore (I fay) can be a Papist, but he whose Everage blinded by Education; or, he who puts his own Eyes out by Atheism: For their own Books discover them palpably. To Instance but in one Passage more, mentioned in the Life of Pope Clement. 5. Hic fuit publicus Fornicator. Ab eo tempore defecit omnis Disciplina, & Re- Paral. Ursper. ligio in Cardinalibus, & tres Radices vitiorum, Superbia, A- Gen. m varitia, Luxuria, validissime dominantur.

He (Pope Glement) was an arrand Whore-Master, publick and common; And from that time forth, all kind of Discipline and Religion failed amongst the Cardinals; especially three roots of Vices flourished amongst them,

Pride, Covetousness and Lechery.

Thus we fee the Successors of St. Peter can deny their Lord and Master, as stoutly as ever did St. Peter himself; but be with Repentance, these without repenting.

Clemen.

And how Men of these Principles can be true to God or Man, to any Protestant Prince or Protestant Neighbour, let the World judg; except they defy the Pope and the Devil, and all their Works of Popish and Hellish Darkness, Plots and Designs. And I think I am not at all herein straitlac'd in my Charity, though I must expect never the fairer quarter from them for this Declaration:

But where is our true Christian, true Protestant and true English Courage now become? Who, (but he that's unfit to

live) would fear to die in and for so just a Cause?

Better a thousand times (if possible) to die a true Protestant, and a true English Man, by the Sham-Plots, False Witnesses, and Popish Machinations; than willingly to enslave a Man's self, and Posterity, Soul, Body, Honour, Honesty, Religion and Estate, to Arbitrary and Popish Sway; It put them together, for (sike Hippocrates-Twins) they are born and live and die together.

Does not Pope Boniface himself, with as little Modesty as Truth, assert his Universal Power over all Nations, as well in Temporals as Spirituals, from that Scripture, Luk. 22.38.

22. Behold, here are two Swords: no jot to his Purpose, nor the least colour more than the bare sound of the Words; (two Swords:) which were no Allegorical nor Metaphorical, (but plain travailing) Swords: of Ammunition-Hilt and

Blade.

And yet this Usurper (though he can show no Warrant, no Commission nor Authority for his Claim, from Christion Holy Scripture; yet, like another late Usurper) he early his Hand upon the Hist of his two Swords (Spiritual and Temporal) and cry, Thirtis my Commission.

For if his Temporal Sword (which is no final one) be too floot; then he unsheaths his Spiritual Sword, and with Fulminations, Excommunications, Curses and Anathonas, with Bell, Book and Candle, he huffs and swaggers; toars, tents, hectors and blusters all Mankind, that either fear

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his vain Thunderings, or come within the dint of his Thunderbolts.

To keep up therefore this usurped Power, or to regain it, where lost, there is, and ever will be Popish Plots, when and where there are any blooming hopes to accomplish them in any Protestant Kingdom whatsoever.

They are not now, (though they have been) much troubled with these Popish Plots in Sweden and Denmark;

wherefore? I'le tell you;

For two Reasons; One is, that the Laws against Papists are so fully put in Execution, without connivance; that I have rid a hundred Miles together in those Countries, and could not (upon Inquiry) hear of one known and profess'd Papist.

2. Another Reason is, (and they have found it, by Experience, a most incomparable Remedy) They gueld all the Popish Priests they catch in their Kingdoms and Domini-

ons.

They used to hang them formerly, but that would not do; for the hopes of being Canoniz'd and Sainted (as Martyrs) drill'd some filly Priests thither; 'till a converted Nun (I know not from what Experience) persuaded Authority, to gueld all the Popish Priests they took.

They took her Advice, and it proves a wonderful Cure and Remedy against propagation of Popery in these King-

doms.

I say therefore, 'tis senceless to doubt the being of a Popish Plot, that never ceas'd (since the Reign of Hen. 8.) in England; but now by Coleman's Letters it infallibly appears, that they never had such blessed hopes of converting these three Kingdoms, since the Bone-fires in Smithsseld in Queen Mary's Days, as now, now at this time, now that—

And the more impudently they deny so clear a Truth, the more cause we have to abominate the Villany of that Religi-

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on

on, that hardens Men in Lies or Equivocations even to Death; And the more they deny it, after such apparent and manifold Conviction, the more suspicious and dangerous it is, by the combined endeavour to conceal it, and to turn the Edge thereof upon the Protestants.

Kings 6. Thus the Prophet did first blindfold the Syrians, and then

how eafily did he lead them into the Enemies Camp.

And indeed no Man can deny but 'tis politickly and craftily done, to endeavour to put out the Eyes of those Men, that are most quick-sighted to discern their dark mysterious and hellish Intrigues: Or, if they could but be Godfreydiz'd, strangl'd, hang'd or stab'd, the Business would be done as effectually, and to all Intents and Purposes.

Especially, if the Sham-Evidences would but be improv'd and manag'd, with some Lawyer's Hackney-Tongue, whose Conscience is so often sold pro and con, right or wrong, for Plantiff or Defendant: (who bids most, and who comes first) prostituted and set to sale, (when Merchandize is indifferently and equally made of Truth and Falshood) the Snare of catching Men would be the stronger, and the Feat more current. But that honest English Juries do know that a Hackney-Tongue is no Slander, and they'll believe them no further than they lift; They have heard them so often bamle, babble and bluster, so loud and clamorous for Plantiff one day, for Defendant another, that no wife Man heeds them; but knows that Words are but Wind, Windy Words (from Hackney-Tongues) as empty and variable as the Wind; but that it costs more to buy such Winds, than it does the becalmed Mariners in the Baltick-Sea; when they (as I have fometimes known them) buy a Wind of a Lapland-Witch.

But ('tis observable) that this Hackney Wind, as well as the other, is usually fatal to all that buy them, endning in a Wreek, at least, a repented Buster and Storm.

While

Whilst these Merchants of Truth and Fallbood; Merchants of Law, and sometimes of very little or no Law, (but with) the same Hackney Tongues, vilify and disgrace all that stand in their way, without respect to their own Modesty (I thank you, some of them have none!) without respect to Ingenuity, common Civility, or good Manners, without respect to any Man's Worth or Quality (except they expect a Fee from them, for that done opens and shuts the Breath-seller's Mouth) they cannot open, but Dirt stys out to be spatter, as if they had got a Priviledg or Patent to be the Common-Shoars, and common Filth, common Slanderers, under the colour of a Fee, and under the Protection of a Motley or Button-Gown.

Nay, (I know it, and will maintain it for a great Truth) that a Gentleman's Credit and Estate, Life and Honour, are in less Danger and Hazard in the Field amongst ten thousand Enemies, than amongst these sneaking Split-Causes,

these Snappers, Ensnarers, and Catchers of Men.

For they can make the righteous Law execute their Malice and Spleen (by wresting, wrong setting and turning its Edge) so that no Innocence, Honesty, Honour, or Ingenuity can prove a sufficient Safeguard.

The wary Hollanders therefore (though the greatest and wisest encouragers of Trade) of all Trades and Mysteries of Iniquity, suffer not the Merchandize of these Hucksters of

Law, in any of their Territories.

They suffer neither Bar-Gowns nor Button-Gowns amongst them; They suffer no Tinkerly Pleadings of mending one hole, and making too; They suffer no Man's Cause to perish, by the Error or Folly, Knavery or Inadvertency of any Scribe or Attorney, by a word mis-placed, mis-recited or mis-pleaded; but every Man knows an end of his Cause the same day he commences it, and pleads his own Gause before the Lords; (who seek not to trap and catch at their Ignorance) And they must be very ignorant indeed, if they make more bungling work, or can defeat their own Cause, disquired

guize or differace Truth, to readily as these split-Canses and

Soil-Canfes.

Notwithstanding all this, I would not be construed to restect in the least upon those honess and learned Gentlemen of the Long-Robe, of which fort are very many, that have more Integrity and Honour, than to abuse their learned Skill by entrapping, ensuring and catching Men, with Law-tricks, and Sham-tricks, turning Darkness to Light, and Light to Darkness, and turning Pleading to Rayling, Lying and Slandering; now so much the Mode at Bar: a Shame it should be suffered!

Tis these alone (as the World goes) that can defend us from the catching Snares laid by the former, to catch a Man

and his Caufe, a Man and his Heritage.

Tis these alone (with the Authority, Justice and Wisdom of the Reverend Judges) that can deliver Men out of the Snares that are laid for them, by those profituted Hire-

lings.

But none of the Snares that are laid to catch Men, are comparable to the Subtilty and Gruelty of the Romish Priests, for the speediest Execution of a Sham-Plot, is an Absolution from a Jesuit; or a Bull of Indulgence or Jubilee from the Pope, like that of Pardon to the late Irish Rebels and Cut-Throats.

So that the most Cheveril-Charity can scarcely have other Opinion of these Romish Emissaries, than St. Hierome had of the Clergy of his time, (who were so generally debanced and mischievous, that the good Father cryed out) mon puto multos inter Sacerdotes salvos sieri; I cannot imagine (saith he) how it is possible that many Clergy-Men can go to Heaven!

So say I of these Romish Priests, if they slick to the Principles of their bloody Religion, I cannot imagine how they

can possibly be faved.

For

For does not the Inquisition come out of their holy Arcenal? Are not all the bloody Popish Plots and Sham-Plots contrived and managed by them? Did not they invent and forge in England, the Writ de Haretico comburendo, to condemn Hereticks (namely, all that oppese their Pride and Goveton fres) to Fire and Faggot?

But how? not by fetting Fire to the Faggot themselves or turning Hang-men; no, those boly Men will not dip their Sacred Hands in Blood: (Oh the Hypocrify of fuch Devotion!) No, no, they knew a way worth two on't; they made the poor enflaved Bigotted Magistrate do that Drud-, there have been orest

gery.

And before the Statute of Queen Elizabeth, (that awards 5 Eliz. 23. the Writ of Excommunicato capiendo, and confines it to about ten fort of Offenders only) some think the same Popish Engineers in Popilh Times were the first Inventers and Forgers of that Writ alfo: if they were, they were as unmannerly as unmerciful, to invent a Discipline that God never made; and that which our Bleffed Saviour, the Holy Apoftles, and Primitive Church, never knew; and then when they had anothematized and burft a Man to the Devil, and the Devil did not or would not take him, then to make the Sheriff and the Jaylor to take the Devil's Leavings, and when Hell would not or did not, then the Goal Bould: The Spanish Inquisition, and bloody Bishop Bonner Bishop of London, made great use of this Engine.

The former Writ, de Haretico comburendo, has found its inst Doom and Catastrophe; but that of Excommunicate capiendo hall fland in force (when it is awarded according to the Statute) as long as -- When? as long as the King and

Parliament shall please.

But if I thought that all our Mischiess come from Rome and Popish Priests, I should think (as some have done) that there was more cause (than only the bare Error of the Press) that in the Popish New Testament in Latin (Printed at Cologn }:

Cologn J. in it Could gustande Remord Kindle 1846) segue Scottatores (these words) words desired the vigore Despet schebant.

No wonder therefore, that Pope Adviso 6, commanded Cheregatio his Legate delitare, to declare into Det of the Empire (allembled and thing at Normberg) in Germany. A standardor being his grinders. Populs dimenses, and is some mitted gravitet multifque and be peccatum effe. Rome of inde a Portificio adminime malum boo, atque luemad Inferiores omnes Beckliarum Profettos definaisse or The Iniquity of the People came from the Priests. And that now, for the space of many Years, there have been great and grievous Enormities continuted at Rome: And that all this Plague and Mischief, hath flowed unto all the Inferior Prelates of the Church, from the High Throne of the Popes Holinass.

Bernard.
Bernard.
Beftia illa de Apocalyps, cui datum est os loquens pag. 1316. Blasphemias, & bellum gerere cum Sanctis, Petri Gathedram occupat, tanquam Leo paratus ad Prædam. In English thus

That Beaft that is spoken of in the Revelations, to whom is given a Mouth speaking Blasphemies, and to make War against the Saints, is now got up into Peter's Chair, like a Lion ready for his Prev.

Lion ready for his Prey.

Albertus in Johan. cap. 10. E.

And Albertus magnus saith, Illi qui modo Prasunt in Ecclessis, plurimum sunt Fures & Latrones; plus Exactores quam Pastores, plus Spoliatores quam Tutores, plus Mattatores quam Custodes, plus Perversores quam Doctores, plus Seduct quam Ductores; Ist sunt Nuncii Antichristi, Subvestovium Christi: (that is) The Prelates of the Church most of them Theeves and Robbers; Wolves rather Shepherds, rather Spoilers than Desenders, rather than Keepers, rather Deceivers than Doctors, rather verters than Converters: These be the Ambassa Nuntio's of Antichrist, the Devourers of the Shanot Christ.

The Policript.

And in the Council of Rhemes, the same Bernard (be Bernard, per passed) told the Bishops to their Faces in open in Concilis Council, and theopen Court, (though he himself was no Remons. Bishop) Dicimin Passores cam sitis raptores, (Fratres) to so bodic elegit sit multos Diabolas Episcopos, non sunt Passores sed Traditores: (In English thus) My Brethren, ye see more are called Bishops, but ye are meer Menicatchers and Robins of the Bishops, but ye are meer Menicatchers and Robins of the Bishops. They are not Pastors, but treacherous sign. Cancil dasses.

And Johannes Sarisburien is gave this Reason, to Pope Johan Sa. Adrian A. why Popes are ujually so short-lived—Ne totam risburiens in Polycorrumpant Ecclesiam; left they should (quoth he) insect cratico: the whole Church.

And one (of their own Cardinals) writes—That Pope Beno Cardinals writes—That Pope Beno Cardinals nother, to make room for himself to leap into the Papal Chair, which he purchased by those Divine Arts; Here was a Pope-catcher as well as a Man-catcher.

catch'd five of his Cardinals at one time in a Sack, and Enead. 9. threw them alive into the Sea, and drown'd them.

And Pope John 12. catch'd one of his Cardinals by the Sabellicus Note and cut it off; and another by the right Hand and lib. 2.

And Pope Stephamus catch'd the dead Body of Pope For-Platina in the his Predecessor, and cut off his Head and fore-singers, phase 6. then threw the naked Carcase (of this quondum Infallination) into the River Tyber.

and more than once, some of them have catch'd and b'd Men to the Grave, by giving them a poysoned in the Sacrament, and poysoning the Wine in the cor Cup.

true is it what their own Writer saith, in Allusion to Camotenruelty of Popes, reciting Heb. 9. 7. Into the Holy of sis. The Balloupt

Hobes (the Papal Chair) did the High Priest enter alone, but not without Bland.

Whilst we say of the Protestant Religion (which God has miraculously preserved so long, and (I prophess) will still preserve in despight of all the Popish and Hellish Stratagems, False Evidence and Sham-Plots (as was said of Israel). The more they were afflicted the more they grew.

Christian Courage slag; If by Popish Plots or Sham-Plots,

we cannot live Protestants, we can die Protestants.

Thus Gregory Nazianzen comforted the Christians in his time, telling them of the excellency of their Religion in these Words, Saváta (n. 1) τομή φύεται, κ, αυξεται δαπακάμενου, It lives by Death, the more tis cut, the faster it springs, and grows by diminishing.

Sa Coprian - Sacerdos Dei Evangelium tenens & Christi pracepta constodiens, occidi potest, winci non potest : A Minister of God following the Precepts Evangelical, may be killed,

but not conquered.

Cvor.7. 1

Epift 3.

Prov. 21.

As Chrysoftom answered the threatning Empress Endoxia, wil nist peccatum metuo—tell her, I fear nothing but Sin; she might fright a Parasitical Knaws or Fool, but not a Chrysoftom; she may kill me, but she cannot hart me.

For there is no Wisdom, nor Understanding, nor Counsel, against the Lord, if we believe the Holy Spirit of God. I'le conclude this with Holy David's Prayer, Psal. 119. 121.

over unto mine Oppressors.

FINIS.

